

Table 5.2: Percentage share of Chinese exports and imports in world trade, 1990, 2003 and 2012

	Exports			Imports		
	1990	2003	2012	1990	2003	2012
Total	4.2%	9.4%	15.1%	3.9%	8.0%	12.3%
Primary	2.7%	2.6%	2.2%	2.4%	5.5%	10.6%
Nat-Resource Intensive	1.8%	4.0%	7.5%	3.1%	6.4%	14.6%
Low-Skill	13.3%	24.2%	32.4%	6.4%	8.5%	7.3%
Medium-Skill	2.6%	5.8%	11.3%	4.1%	7.1%	9.3%
High-Skill	3.0%	13.4%	28.8%	4.1%	12.9%	20.1%

Notes: Based on Lall (2000), *Total*, *Primary*, and *Nat-Resource Intensive* refer to the export (import) of total merchandise goods, primary goods and natural-resource intensive manufactured goods. *Low-skill*, *Medium-skill* and *High-skill* refer to low-, medium-, and high-skill manufactured goods. In the trade tables from now on China includes Hong Kong. Exports and imports are valued fob and cif, respectively. For the definition of sub-categories of skill intensity levels, refer to chapter four. The trade data are based on SITC Rev. 2.

Source: For Tables 5.2-5.8, MIT Media lab (2015) based on Feenstra et al. (2005), UN COMTRADE, and authors' calculations.ⁱ

ⁱ The data used for this section is different from the BACI dataset used in chapter four. The MIT Media Lab dataset does not provide quantity information while the BACI dataset, even though for a shorter period (1995-2009), provides the quantity information based on the HS 92 classification.